

PRINTING OF ALL KINDS at the most  
moderate prices at  
THE "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.  
All proofs are read and all work  
superintended by Europeans. Always  
equal and generally superior to that  
now anywhere else. Estimates given.

BOOKBINDING, by European methods  
with the best materials, and under  
European supervision at  
THE "DAILY PRESS" OFFICE.  
Always pronounced equal to home  
work and prices very moderate.

No. 11,271

號一十七百二十一萬一第一

日五十九月二年十二月光

HONGKONG, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21st, 1894.

三月

號一十二月三英卷香

PRICE \$1 PER MONTH

NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed to "THE DAILY PRESS" only, and special business matters to "The Manager".  
Advertisers and Subscribers which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.  
Orders for extra copies of the Daily Press should be sent to the Office, or to any Agent of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telegraphic Address, Press  
P. O. Box 29 Telephone No. 12.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT

HALL AND HOLTZ, LIMITED

THE SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL  
MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS  
will be held at the COMPANY'S OFFICES,  
No. 1, HALL & HOLTZ CO., LTD.,  
on MONDAY, 2nd APRIL, 1894, at 4  
o'clock P.M., when the Report and Accounts for  
the Six Months ended February 28th, 1894, will  
be presented.

TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED  
from March 2nd to April 20th days.

At Order of the Directors.

W. HAYWARD,  
Secretary.

THE HALL & HOLTZ CO. CO.,  
LIMITED,  
IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a MEET-  
ING of this Company will be held on  
MONDAY, 2nd April, 1894, at the Company's  
Office, Shanghai, immediately after the above  
mentioned Meeting, when the Liquidator's  
Report and Accounts for the year ended 28th  
February, 1894, will be presented.

E. BYRNE,  
Liquidator.

Shanghai, 16th March, 1894. 1828

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

ESTATE MEETING.

THE NAVAL RANGE is reserved for  
Quarantine, at 600, 800, and 900  
yards. Mariners are prohibited to shoot All Cormorants on this Range.  
By the Courtesy of the Capt. Supt. of Police, the Police Range is available for practice this  
week.

ARTHUR CHAPMAN,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1894. 1827

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION  
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SHANGHAI (DIRECT).

(Taking Goods and Passengers at through rates  
for CHIANG, TIENTSIN, NEWCHANG, HAN-  
GZHOU, and PORTS ON THE YANGTZE.)

THE Company's Steamship

"LORSUM."

Captain N. Moeser, will be despatched as above  
TO-DAY, the 21st inst., at 4 P.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
General Managers.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1894. 1829

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY,  
LIMITED.

FOR SWATOW, AMoy, AND  
FOOCHOW.

THE Company's Steamship

"NAMOA."

Captain Harris, will be despatched for the above  
Port on FRIDAY, the 23rd inst., at DAY-LIGHT.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

DOUGLAS L. LAPRAK & CO.,  
Gen. Managers.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1894. 1827

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.  
FOR KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

THE Steamer

"DRYFEE DAL."

Captain Stewart, will be despatched as above  
on or about WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst.

For Freight, apply to

KIRKLAND, KARBERG & CO.,  
Agents.

Hongkong, 21st March, 1894. 1831

FOR THE MAIL.

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS is  
now ready and contains—  
Editorial and the Salaries of the  
Jarl Servants.

The Anti-Opium Arbitration.

The Chinese Section of the Police Force,  
Hongkong, Legislative Council.  
The Secretary of State on the Po Leung  
Kuk Ordinances.

The Fire Brigades Report.

The Maritime Board.

Supreme Court.

Hongkong Hotel Co., Limited.

Green Island Cement Co., Limited.

China and Manil Steamship Co., Limited.

Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co.,

Limited.

Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited.

Hongkong Golf Club.

Local Schools Athletic Sports.

Cricket.

Correspondence.

China's Import Trade and the Fall in

Silver.

Local and District News.

Commercial Intelligence.

Subscription \$10 per annum, post free;

Extra copies 25 cents each, Cash.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1894. 1829

NOTICE.

MAN LOONG (茂隆) have always for  
Sale all kinds of PRESEVED  
GINGER and SWEETMEATS of their well-  
known Manufacturer.

Head Office, HONAM, CANTON,

CENTRAL.

Managers: LEUNG YU SANG,

WONG BOI CHOW,

Hongkong, 8th January, 1894. 1829

L.O.S.T.

IN the CITY HALL BALM ROOM, on the  
Evening of the 16th instant, a GOLD  
BEADLETT. The finder will oblige by com-  
municating with

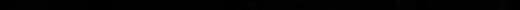
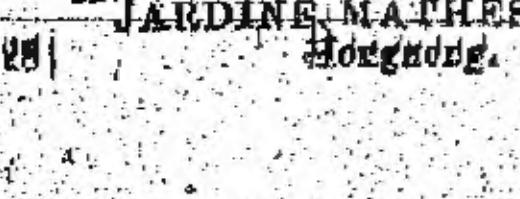
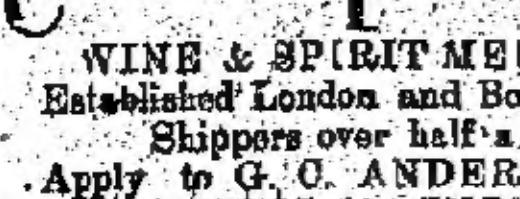
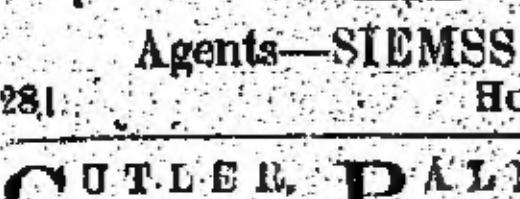
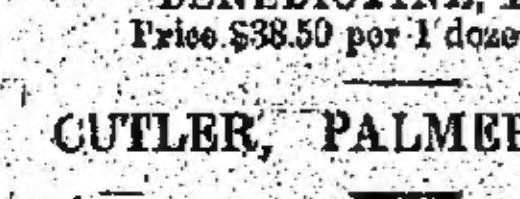
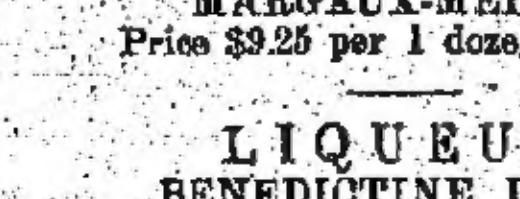
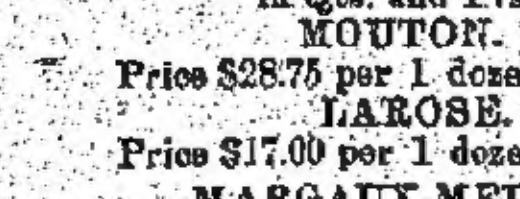
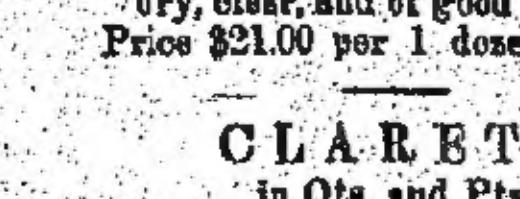
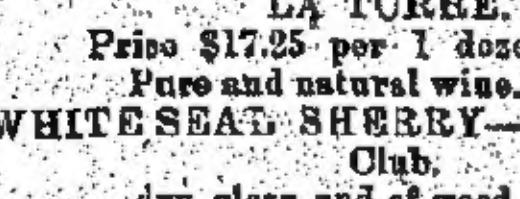
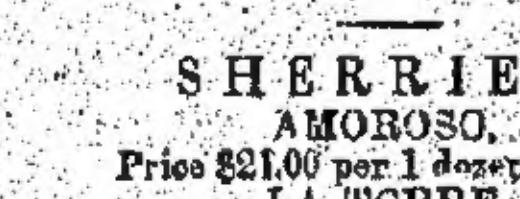
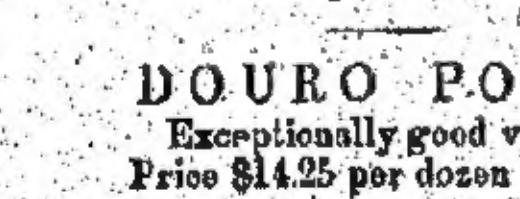
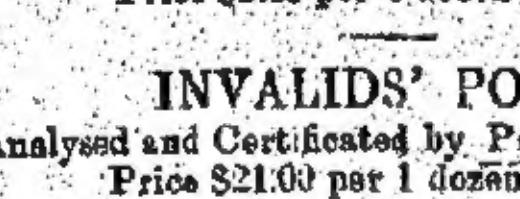
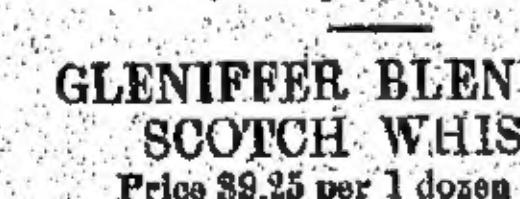
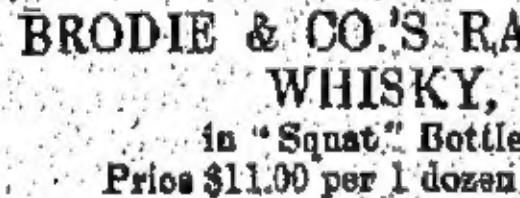
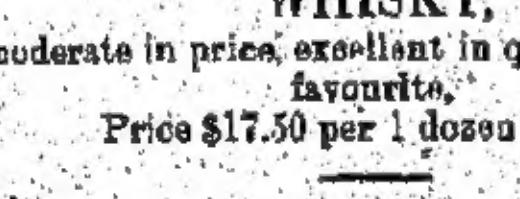
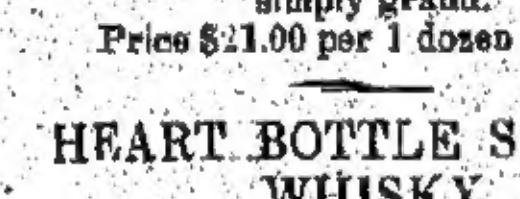
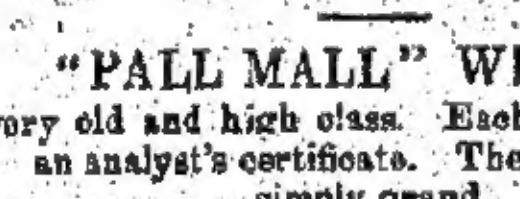
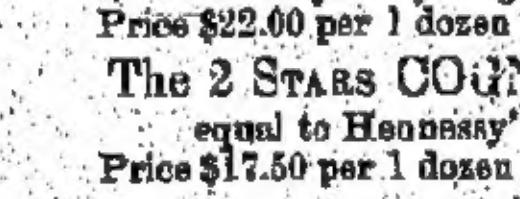
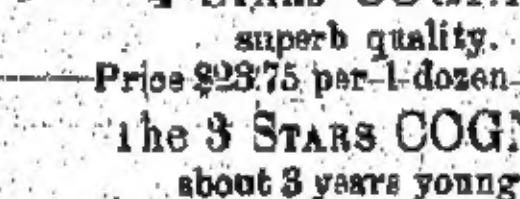
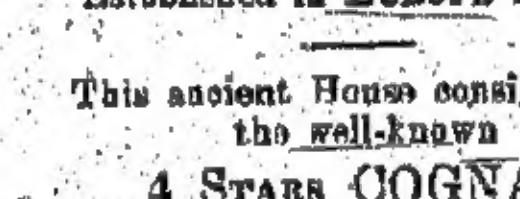
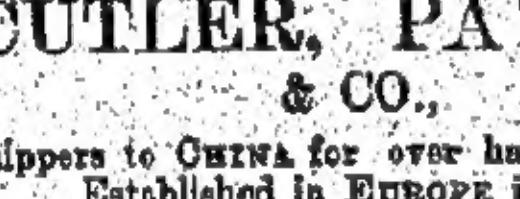
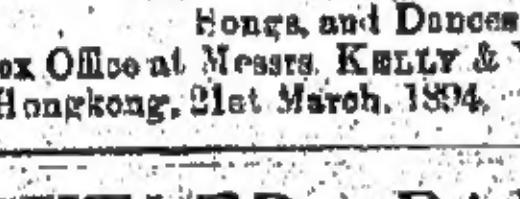
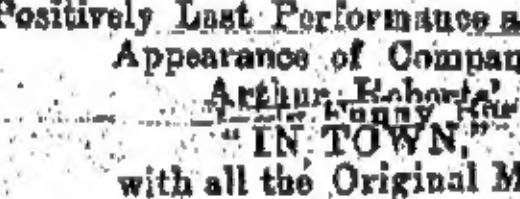
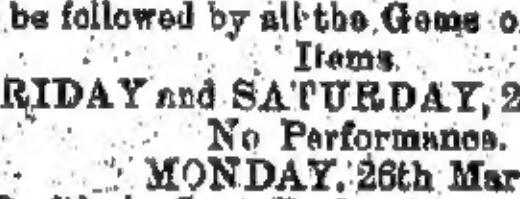
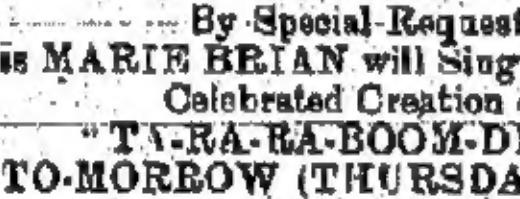
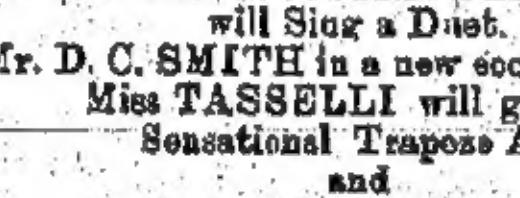
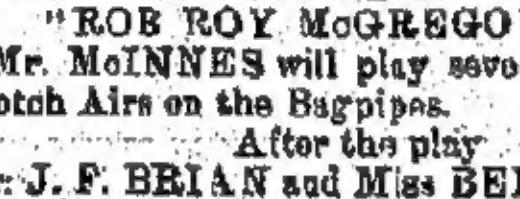
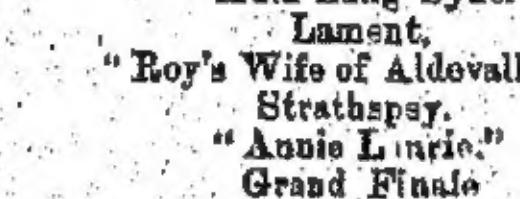
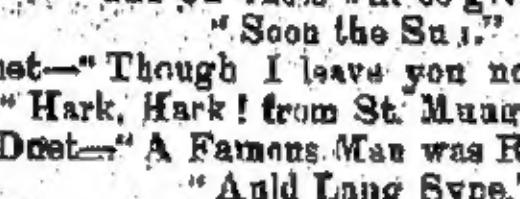
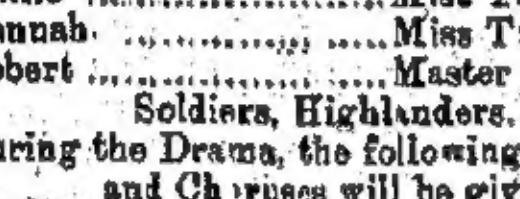
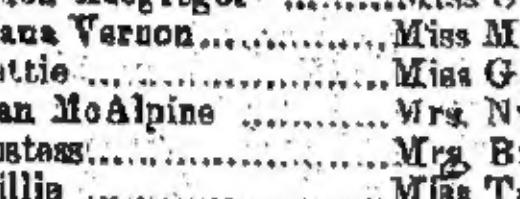
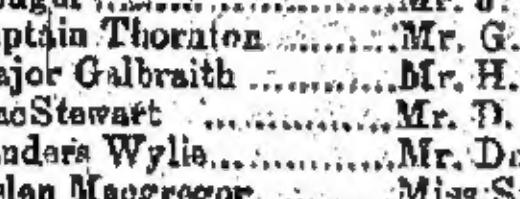
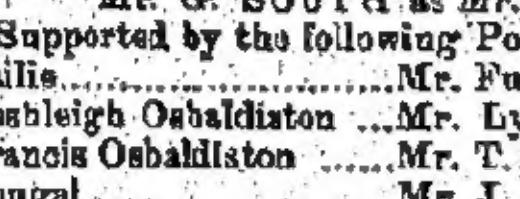
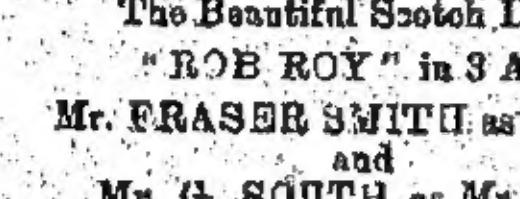
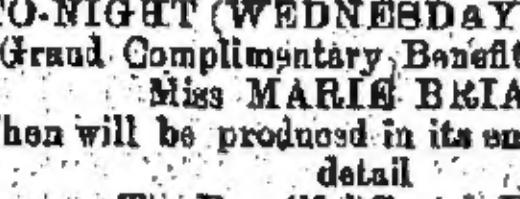
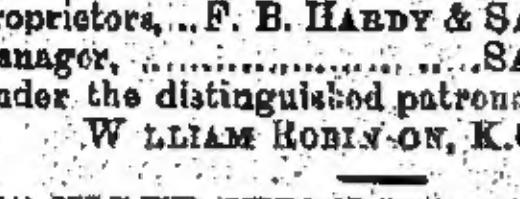
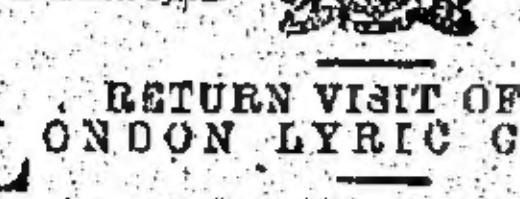
B. W. LIEKE,

Vacuum Oil Co.,

12, Wyndham St.

Hongkong.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1894. 1818



## INTIMATION.

CHEMISTS BY APPOINTMENT.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LIMITED

COMPANY

FAMILY AND DISPENSING

CHEMISTS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRUGGISTS.

ANALYSTS.

PERFUMERS.

PATENT MEDICINE PROPRIETORS

AND VENDORS.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

CIGAR DEALERS.

WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS.

AND

AERATED WATER MAKERS.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

A. S. WATSON &amp; CO., LIMITED.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.

The Shanghai Pharmacy, 24, Nanking Road,

Shanghai.

Bodle Ingless, 14, Escotia, Madras.

The Canton Dispensary, Canton.

The Dispensary, Foochow.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Hongkong.

The Hongkong Dispensary, Tientsin.

London Office, 1, Fenchurch Buildings, E.C.

Hongkong, 26th January, 1894.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS:

All communications relative to the news columns should be addressed to "The Editor."

Correspondents are requested to forward their name and address with their copy of the paper, but not for publication, in case of good faith.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper.

No extra signal communications that have appeared in other papers will be inserted.

Orders for extra copies of the paper should be sent before the day of publication.

At that hour the supply is limited. Only Supplied

MARRIAGE.

At Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, on the 14th instant, by the Rev. H. C. Hodges, M.A., GEORGE ARMIT-

STAD SCOTT, Telki, to EMMA W. GINS, New York.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MARCH 21st, 1894.

Is the announcement made by a native correspondent of our Shanghai morning con-

temporary relative to the proposed establish-

ment of telegraphic and steamer commun-

ication with Hunan to be correct, it is worthy

of more than passing attention. According

to this correspondent, who writes from

Changsha, the capital of this most anti-

foreign province, the new Governor has

after consultation with the gentry and the

prospects of the three colleges of that city,

decided to make a fresh attempt to intro-

duce the telegraph into the city. It would

seem that His Excellency Wu has managed

somehow to overcome local prejudices against

the innovation, for a telegraph office has

already been established in one of the

principal streets, and officials have been

appointed to procure the necessary material

and commence the construction of the line.

When it is remembered that at the last at-

tempt of the telegraph construction party to

enter the province from Hsueh, when they

crossed into the Lichow district they were

met by a mob who laid violent hands on

their material, burning the posts and de-

stroying the wire, under the sanction and

with the approval of the provincial officials

and literati, it will be seen that the Governor

must have found some potent means to over-

come the hostility of the people to this foreign

invention. The Governor also contemplates

establishing a line of small steamers to run

between Shanghai, Changsha, and Yuchow,

at the mouth of the Tungting Lake, in con-

nection presumably with a steamer to run

from the last named port to Hankow. It is

reported that even to this great change no

opposition is anticipated, and that it is even

welcomed by the gentry and people of

Changsha. Whence, it may be asked, comes

this radical change of opinion among the

Hunans? If the telegraph was a deadly

evil to be held at a distance, at all hazards,

even that of a collision with the Imperial

Authorities three years ago, have circum-

stances so changed that it may be regarded

as a blessing to-day? Is the long-cherished

isolation of Hunan less dear to its conserva-

tive inhabitants now than it was when they

were prepared to defy the Peking Govern-

ment and all the Foreign Powers together,

be the cost what it might? Probably not,

but the new Governor has doubtless been able

to present arguments that seem irresistible

even to the fiercest foreignising gentry of

Hunan. He has succeeded, apparently, in

demonstrating to them that there are

two supposed evils awaiting their choice,

of which he has no doubt advised them to

choose what to them must appear the least.

The demand made by the Foreign Ministers

that the province of Hunan should be open-

ed to foreign trade as some reparation for

the massacres and outrages perpetrated on

the various missions in the Valley of the

Yankee, the direct result of the incitement thereto through the incendiary placards and publications issued from Human presses and soon broadcast through Central China, has not been without effect. Probably the Peking Government, while obstinately resisting compliance with the demand, took advantage of its preference to press upon the Human administration the necessity for abating resistance to innovations admitted without restriction to other parts of the Empire, and which, while of foreign origin, had yet been found beneficial to the people and capable of being used; when necessary, against the "outside barbarian." The Chinese Imperial Government were not unwilling to leave the Humanas in the exclusion so agreeable to their vanity and pride, so long as that exclusion led to no imbrugation with the Foreign Powers, but the recent anti-missionary demonstrations prove too expensive to altogether acquiesce in and endorsed, and threatened to prove dangerous to the maintenance of pacific relations with the States concerned if persisted in. Hence it was, doubtless, that Governor Wu received orders to bring the Humanas and gentry to a better frame of mind, in which they would be willing to estimate the alternatives before them. The result may be regarded as satisfactory perhaps by the missionaries, as it will possibly lead to a gradual lessening of the feeling against them in Human, but for our part we decidedly regret that the Treaty Power did not insist upon their demand for the opening up of Human to foreign trade and intercourse being promptly and unreservedly conceded. The opportunity for securing some further points of commercial contact in this great empire has been lost, and foreign prestige throughout China been materially shaken by the failure to secure what was so justly asked. Nor has the policy of worrying the missionaries and their converts received any real check by the protests of the Foreign Ministers or the small indemnities exacted for the murders. All that has been proved by recent diplomacy at Peking has been that Chinese aggression and bad faith can be carried to great extremes without provoking the Foreign Powers to any decided action. For the moment there may be a lull in the campaign so long conducted by the provincial governments against the treaty rights of foreigners, but the encouragement thus tacitly given to persevere in the same course cannot fail to bear fruit later on, and foreign relations with China may be expected to grow more and more unsatisfactory until the strain becomes too great, and at length shuns another. As things go, it would seem to many persons that the sooner this point is reached the better it will be for the permanent interests of both parties.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

In the British Police Court at Shanghai on the 15th inst. José Sánchez D'Agüera was charged with a provision warrant with having committed forgery whilst in Government employ. His Lordship remanded him for trial as Arthur S. Wilkinson, the able and very much respected counsellor of the permanent post, who leaves for Yokohama to-morrow to take up the position of H.B.M.'s Judge. The new judge takes with him his wife and two children, and the Spanish Consul, who leaves Friday, and the only regret coupled with his departure is that it removes him for a time from Shanghai, where his high integrity and ability as a lawyer, not to mention his many estimable qualities in private capacity, have made the task of his successor doubly difficult to discharge with like results.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

The British Police Court at Shanghai on the 15th inst. José Sánchez D'Agüera was charged with a provision warrant with having committed forgery whilst in Government employ. His Lordship remanded him for trial as Arthur S. Wilkinson, the able and very much respected counsellor of the permanent post, who leaves for Yokohama to-morrow to take up the position of H.B.M.'s Judge. The new judge takes with him his wife and two children, and the Spanish Consul, who leaves Friday, and the only regret coupled with his departure is that it removes him for a time from Shanghai, where his high integrity and ability as a lawyer, not to mention his many estimable qualities in private capacity, have made the task of his successor doubly difficult to discharge with like results.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a girl of thirteen years of age, a slave to a Fookow thief for \$100, but the girl ran away and returned to her mother. The mother sold her again to another man for \$50 and the child was taken away. The first purchaser, finding his property in the hands of the second, demanded to have the girl given up to him, but the passenger denied it, and the thief ran on the grounds of his having paid a person prior to the first purchaser for the girl. The first purchaser had his suit before the magistrate, and runners were sent to arrest the mother, but it was too late as the unfortunate woman hearing that the case had gone before the authorities hanged herself. In the sequel it was discovered that the girl was to pay \$20 for the funeral expenses of the deceased master and \$40 to the first purchaser as compensation for his loss.

A few days ago says the *Foodie Echo*, a



TO LET

TO LET.

**N. O. 7, SEYMOUR TERRACE,**  
OFFICES IN 4, PRAYA CENTRAL.  
**NO. 5, SEYMOUR TERRACE.**  
The GROUND FLOOR of the premises  
now in course of erection at the Corner of Cole  
House Street and Queen's Road Central,  
subject to Fire, Flood or Theft. The Floor can  
be hired by the Month or Share. The Floor can  
not be let after the 2nd Inst. unless it will be  
recovered by the lessee. All claims for damage must  
be left in the Godown, where they will be ex-  
amined at 11 A.M. on the 27th Inst.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CONSIGNERS per Company's Steamer

"TITAN"

are hereby informed that their Goods are being dis-  
charged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Underwriters; in both cases itwill lie at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on  
and after the 16th Inst.Goods remaining after the 24th Inst., will be  
left in the Godown, where they will be ex-  
amined at 11 A.M. on the 27th Inst.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE

Agents

Hongkong, 14th March, 1894.

1527

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAM PACKETS

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, AND

STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"GLENATON"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees  
of cargo by him hereby informed that their  
Goods are being landed at their risk into the  
Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf  
and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon,  
where delivery may be obtained.Cargo remaining undelivered after the 22nd  
Inst. will be subject to rate. No Fire Insur-  
ance will be effected. Consignees are request-  
ed to present all Claims for damage and/or  
shortage not later than the 29th Inst., otherwise  
they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by

JARDINE, MATHESON &amp; CO.

Agents.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1894.

1534

TO BE LET

**N. O. 3, WILD DELI-BUILDINGS**  
(Furnished or Unfurnished). Five Good  
Rooms situated in the best part of the building.

Apply to

HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND

FINNCE CO. LTD.

Hongkong, 16th March, 1894.

1535

TO LET.

**H. HOUSES in KARAWIA and KUSA TERRACE.**

Apply to

B. MANJEE &amp; CO.

Canton, 15th February, 1894.

1536

TO LET.

(POSSESSION ON 1st APRIL)

**N. O. 21, ELGIN STREET CO. NEW HOUSE**  
Gas and Water laid on. Rent \$40.00/-  
Apply to

ACHEN &amp; CO.

Queen's Road  
Hongkong, 22nd February, 1894.

1537

TO LET.

**DWELLING-HOUSES—**  
PAHAN L'DGE AT THE PEAK.

PAHAN L'DGE AT MAGAZINE GAP.

NO. 3, PAHAN L'DGE.

PILOWS IN BLUE BUILDINGS.

FLOORS IN ELGIN STREET, PEAK.

PEAK, AND STANTON STREET.

FLOORS IN NO. 5, SHELLY STREET,

NO. 2, 3, VICTORIA VIEW, KOW-

LOON.

NO. 4, KNUTFORD TERRACE,

KOWLOON.

OFFICES.

FIRST FLOOR No. 4, TREN'S ROAD

CENTRAL, over the 1st of China.

PRAYA CENTRAL, 1st.

Praya, Lapak &amp; Co's.

GODOWN.

BIG BUILDINGS.

Apply to

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-

MENT &amp; AGENT CO. LTD.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1894.

1538

TO LET.

**WOODLANDS VILLA WEST.**

Apply to

LINSTEAD &amp; DAVIS.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1894.

1497

TO LET.

**DWELLING-HOUSES No. 5 (CORNER**  
House) and 6, URGU MOSQUE TERRACE,  
and No. 27, MOSQUE STREET. Gas and  
Water laid on.

Apply to No. 4, Upper Mosque Terrace.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1894.

1539

TO LET.

**N. O. 4, QUEEN'S GARDENS,**

BEDFORD STREET, No. 2, next to

the Post Office.

THE PREMISES AT QUEEN'S ROAD

CENTRAL, No. 12.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON.

Hongkong, 17th March, 1894.

1605

TO LET.

**WANCHAI WAREHOUSE & STORAGE**

COMPANY, LIMITED.

TO LET.

From Mr. REBEAU.

THE FIRST FLOOR of No. 11, PRAYA

EAR, consisting of 4 rooms, Bathrooms,

and Servants' Quarters.

Apply to

MEYER &amp; CO.

General Managers.

Hongkong, 3rd January, 1894.

171

TO LET.

**OMOUDIOS GODOW** on PRAYA

EAR.

Apply to

SEWISS IN &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1894.

1540

TO LET.

From the 1st of APRIL

**H. HOUSE No. 22, STANLEY STREET,**

EAR, consisting of 4 rooms, Bathrooms,

and Servants' Quarters.

Apply to

R. Z. LIOU &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 15th March, 1894.

1540

TO LET.

At the PEAK.

**M. Y. TLE. INK.** Apply to Mr. A. M.

Hoover, 2nd March, 1894.

1545

TO LET.

On the Upper Floor, and in a

few weeks the whole suite of OFFICES

and R. I. M. S. ALLIED DIV.

Apply to

G. C. ANDERSON.

Hongkong, 29th February, 1894.

1542

TO LET.

TWO ROOMS on the Peak

suitable for

Offices.

Apply to

L. C. CHAN &amp; CO.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1894.

1542

TO LET.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE,

IMPOORTLY FURNISHED ROOMS,

with Board.

Apply to

Mrs. MATHER.

2, Pedder's Hill.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1894.

1543

JUS PUBLISHED.

A TABLE of the

DATES OF EXCHANGE at Hongkong for

The Demand Drafts in London on the days

of pre-issuing the departure of the English

Mail from January, 1-73, to September, 1893.

Price 5/-

Hongkong Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 4th October, 1893.

1543

THE "BUKTARA" PAMPHLET

has now been

REPRINTED,

and includes the Report of the PUBLIC

MEETING AT SHANGHAI, and of the

MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS.

Price 60/-

Hongkong, 29th October, 1894.

1544

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CONSIGNERS per Company's Steamer

"TITAN"

are hereby informed that their Goods are being dis-  
charged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Underwriters; in both cases itwill lie at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on  
and after the 16th Inst.Goods remaining after the 24th Inst., will be left in the Godown, where they will be ex-  
amined at 11 A.M. on the 27th Inst.

BUTTERFIELD &amp; SWIRE

Agents

Hongkong, 14th March, 1894.

1527

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAM PACKETS

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, AND

STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"GLENATON"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees

of cargo by him hereby informed that their

Goods are being landed at their risk into the

Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf

and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon,

where delivery may be obtained.

Cargo remaining undelivered after the 22nd

Inst. will be subject to rate. No Fire Insur-  
ance will be effected. Consignees are request-  
ed to present all Claims for damage and/or

shortage not later than the 29th Inst., otherwise

they will not be recognized.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by